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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/584,316	06/23/2006	Toshihiro Oki	292920US0PCT	9808
	7590 09/07/201 AK, MCCLELLAND 1	EXAMINER		
1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			CHEUNG, WILLIAM K	
ALEXANDRIA	A, VA 22314	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1796	
		NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			09/07/2010	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/584,316	OKI ET AL.	
Examiner	A 4 1 ! 4	
Examiner	Art Unit	

	WILLIAM K. CHEUNG	1796				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ears on the cover sheet with the o	correspondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED <u>30 August 2010</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS AI	PPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR	ALLOWANCE.				
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Apple for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request			
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date						
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07)	ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailin b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE	g date of the final rejection	n.			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extunder 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	tension and the corresponding amount shortened statutory period for reply origi than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as			
 The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed w AMENDMENTS 	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the				
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, by	out prior to the date of filing a brief	will not be entered be	cause			
(a) They raise new issues that would require further con	nsideration and/or search (see NO		cause			
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo		d				
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in bet appeal; and/or	ter form for appeal by materially rec	ducing or simplifying ti	ne issues for			
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a	corresponding number of finally reig	ected claims.				
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).						
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12	21. See attached Notice of Non-Co	mpliant Amendment (I	PTOL-324).			
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):			,			
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all non-allowable claim(s). 	lowable if submitted in a separate,	timely filed amendmer	nt canceling the			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:						
Claim(s) allowed: <u>none</u> .						
Claim(s) objected to: <u>none</u> . Claim(s) rejected: <u>1,5-8 and 10-15</u> .						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: <u>none</u> .						
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE						
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, bu because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary	vercome <u>all</u> rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fail:	s to provide a			
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attach	ed.			
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER 11. ☑ The request for reconsideration has been considered bu	t does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:			
See Continuation Sheet.		r comunicin for allowan				
12.	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)					
	AACHE 14 OL					
	/William K Cheung/ Primary Examiner, Art U August 31, 2010	nit 1796				
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U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 08-06)

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicants argue that although Storm et al. teach the functional equivalence of hectic and montmorillonite clays in fabric-softening compositions, Baeck et al. (page 2, line 8-14) indicate that the montmorillonite clay in the fabric-softening compositions of Storm et al. is not sufficiently deposited onto the fabric. Therefore, applicants believes that Storm et al. teach the non-equivalence of hectic and montmorillonite clays. However, the examiner disagrees. Applicants must recognize that Baeck et al. (page 2, line 13-14) clearly indicates that there is very little connection on how the clay deposition can affect fabric-softening actcion. Contrary to applicants' argument, Baeck et al. (page 2, line 6-7) clearly indicates that montmorillonite clays are preffered in Storm et al. for reasons of color and cation exchange capacity. Therefore, applicants do not have any basis to argue that Storm et al. or Baeck teach away from the use of montmorillonite to overcome the functional equivalence of hectic and montmorillonite clays as taught in Storm et al. Further, applicants do not have any evidence to support that it is the type of clay that is responsible to the percentage deposition, not by other ingredients in the compositions disclosed. Therefore, claims 1,5-8, 10-15 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Baeck et al. (EP 0 297 673) as affirmed by Jayawant (US 3,860,694) in view of Storm et al. (GB 1 400 898) for the reasons adequately set forth from paragraph 4 of the final rejection of May 19, 2010. Regarding the rejection of claims 1, 5, 6, 7 under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Baker et al. (US 2002/0128165), as affirmed by Jayawant (US 3,860,694), applicants argue that Baker et al. do not teach a composition comprising a fatty acid since the composition I of Baker et al. (page 11-13, Composition I) does not contain a fatty acid. Applicants argue that TAS is a sulfonate not a salt of a fatty acid. However, the examiner disagrees because TAS is sodium tallow alkyl sulfate as indicated in Baker et al. (page 10, 0176, Table), sulfonic acid of tallow is a fatty acid, and sodium tallow alkyl sulfate is the sodium salt of tallow sulfonic acid. Tallow is fat that is general of animal origin. In view of the reasons set forth above, applicants' argument is not supported by the disclosure of Baker et al. relating to the chemical entities of TAS. Therefore, claims 1, 5, 6, 7 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Baker et al. (US 2002/0128165) as affirmed by Jayawant (US 3,860,694) for the reasons adequately set forth from paragraph 5 of the final office action of May 19, 2010.